

## Indicative List of Relevant Laws and Bills

Note: The below is a non-exhaustive and indicative list of laws and bills relevant to the scope of work of the Legislative Drafting Panel. Laws/bills may be added and/or removed as necessary.

Legislative Reforms	Brief description
Medicinal Products (Volatile Substances) and Miscellaneous Amendments Bill	Introduce a volatile substances scheme into the Medicinal Products Act 2011 and make other related amendments.
Review of the Medicinal Product Act 2011 (Medicinal Products (Amendment) Bill)	The purpose of the Bill is to amend the Medicinal Product Act to allow for cultivation, processing and export of medicinal cannabis in Fiji.
Access to Business Funding Bill	This Bill seeks to provide alternative financing for Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises. This will help start, grow and sustain small business with ease of access to financing as compared to traditional sources of finance with high interest rates.
Co-operatives (Amendment) Bill	The Bill amends the Co-operatives Act 1996. The Bill will modernize the legal framework to support digital transformation, governance Structure, financial Structure and dispute resolution mechanisms.
Real Estate (Agents) Amendment Bill	The draft Real Estate Agents (Amendment) Bill stems from the constraints faced by the Real Estate Agents Licensing Board in responding to the changing dynamics of the business environment and their need drive for change within the real estate industry.
Trade Standards and Quality Control (Amendment) Bill	A Bill for an Act to amend the Trade Standards and Quality Control Act 1992. This is to cater for modernised standards development process, utilization of subject matter expertize and alignment of regulations to international best practices.
National and Trade Measurement (Amendment) Bill	A Bill for an Act to amend the National and Trade Measurement Act. This is to provide for improved collaboration on measurement issues, improved confidence for the industry and greater support for use of international recommendations (standards) of the OIML.
Landlord and Tenancy Bill	In 2017, to address the fragmentation state of rental laws in Fiji, Cabinet approved that FCCC spearhead the formulation of a Draft Landlord and Tenant Bill, in consultation with the then Ministry of Industry, Trade and Tourism (MITT) and the Office of the Solicitor General before presentation to Parliament. The proposed bill is yet to be finalized, however, in 2017, FCCC completed two rounds of consultations in the Central, Western and the Northern Divisions.

Revision of Consumer Credit Act 1999	The intension of reviewing the CCA is to modernise regulations, enhance consumer protection and promote fair lending practices in response to evolving financial products and market challenges. It aims to ensure transparency, responsible lending, and inclusivity while addressing gaps in the current framework.
Revision of Cybercrime Act 2021	This Act will need to be revised following the ratification of the 2nd additional protocol of the Budapest Convention.
Revision of Telecommunications Act 2008	This is to provide for spectrum management, policy on quality of service, infrastructure sharing and clarification for radio broadcasting.
Consumer Council (Amendment) Bill	The primary purpose of the Consumer Council of Fiji Act is to protect consumer rights. There is a need to review the Act to strengthen these protections, address new consumer challenges, and close any gaps that may have emerged post COVID. The review is also to help ensure that Fiji's legislation is consistent with global norms, facilitating trade and consumer confidence.
MSME Fiji Bill	The purpose of this Act is to provide a focused and comprehensive enabling environment for the promotion and development of all MSMEs in Fiji. MSME Stakeholders to be consulted to share insights and understanding of the MSME landscape.
Cinematographic Films (Amendment) Bill 2025	This primarily to provide for censorship standards
Regulation of Building Permits Act 2017	Legal analysis to be undertaken for the repeal of this Act. Analysis to identify any legislative gaps that could potentially arise post repeal.
<b>Cabinet Sub-Committee on Mahogany Industry</b>	
Review of the Mahogany Industry Development Act and the Mahogany Industry (Licensing and Branding) Act	Legal restructure to reinstate pertinent provisions.
<b>Commercial Agriculture Taskforce</b>	
Kava Bill	The current Kava Bill that was approved in 2016 is to establish a Fiji Kava Council to regulate and manage the Kava industry in Fiji. The new Kava Bill is expected to identify outdated provisions, strengthen institutional capacity and align act to international practises. This includes Intellectual Property Rights, culture, market etc.

Aquaculture Bill	The Aquaculture Bill is aimed to promote sustainable aquaculture practices while safeguarding marine biodiversity and supporting long - term industry growth.
<b>Food Taskforce</b>	
Review of Food Safety Act (Food Safety (Amendment) Bill)	The vision of this Taskforce is to look into the existing enforcement measures to ensure that food and food products are safe for human consumptions. In addition, also ensure that the current legal framework, policies and guidelines remain robust in addressing current food safety issues. In this regard, amendments are recommended.
<b>Medicinal Cannabis Taskforce</b>	
Review of the Medicinal Product Act 2011	The review of the legislation is to decriminalise and permit the cultivation, production of medicinal cannabis in Fiji for export only. The Medicinal Cannabis Taskforce was endorsed by Cabinet along with the Policy Framework to spearhead the establishment of the industry. It is proposed for that the Ministry of Health and Medical Services to be the governing agency.
Review of the Illicit Drug Control Act 2004	
Review of Customs Act 1986	
Review of Investment Act 2021	
<b>Anti Scam Taskforce</b>	
Review of the Consumer Council Act 1976	The Cabinet has endorsed the review legislations pertaining to fraud and scam protection, in conjunction with the Office of the Solicitor – General. The prevalence of cyber threats and fraudulent activities has highlighted gaps in Fiji’s legal framework. It has been identified that the Taskforce members need to review and modify existing legislation to meet the current demands and to ensure protections and safeguards are in place. This includes strengthening the Online Safety Act 2018 and Consumer Council of Fiji Act 1976.  Based on the preliminary findings, it is understood that these legislations may be required to be reviewed.
Review of the FCCC Act 2010	
Review of the Online Safety Act 2018	
Review of the Reserve Bank of Fiji Act	
Review of Crimes Act 2010	
Review of Criminal Proceedings Act 1997	
Review of Banking Act 1995	
<b>Ease of Doing Business</b>	
Environment Management Act 2005	To streamline the 'building permits approval process' and develop the Building Permits Approval Subsystem (BPAS) for the relevant agencies, a number of legislative amendments are necessary. These amendments are intended to enable digital transformation as well as improve the ease of doing business in Fiji. To this effect, these laws would be amended to facilitate, harmonisation of forms for the Agencies that are part of BPAS, acceptance of digital inputs and generate digital outputs, upfront payment structure and digital signatures, stamps or seals to list a few common areas of reform.
Water Authority of Fiji Act 2007	
Fiji Roads Authority Act 2012	
Electricity Act 2017	
National Fire Authority Act 1994	

Health and Safety at Work Act 1996	Other specific amendments may also be required depending on the impedement identified in the respective law.
Local Government Act	
Town and Planning Act 1946	
Public Health Act 1935	
Revision of the Investment (Reserved and Restricted Activities) Regulations 2022	Since the enactment of these Regulations, there have been a number of areas of amendments that have been identified. These amendments are to ensure clarity as well as the feasibility of the provisions based on the situation on the ground.
Revision of the Investment (Foreign Investors Reporting) Regulations 2022	
<b>National Taskforce to Address Pornography</b>	
Review of the Online Safety Act 2018 (Online Safety (Amendment) Bill)	The issue of pornography is closely related to online safety, telecommunications, and cybercrime. Telecommunications medium is used for the delivery of most pornographic content and the Taskforce is also aiming to address the major issue of online child sexual exploitation and abuse. Hence, these respective acts are likely to be affected.
Review of the Telecommunications Act 2008	
Review of the Cybercrime Act 2021 (Cyber Crime (Amendment) Bill)	